

HVAC Formulae

AirSide

$$Q_{\text{Total}} = \text{CFM} \times (h_i - h_f) \times 4.5 \text{ Btuh}$$

$$Q_{\text{Sensible}} = \text{CFM} \times (t_i - t_f) \times 1.085 \text{ Btuh}$$

$$Q_{\text{Latent}} = \text{CFM} \times (G_{r_i} - G_{r_f}) \times 0.068 \text{ Btuh}$$

$$\text{Humidification} = \text{CFM} \times (G_{r_f} - G_{r_i}) / 1,555 \text{ lbs /hr}$$

$$\text{CFM} = \text{l/s} \times 2.12$$

$$\text{Air Pressure Drop (in.WG)} = \text{Pa} / 249$$

WaterSide

$$Q = \text{USGPM} \times (t_i - t_f) \times 500 \text{ Btuh}$$

$$Q = \text{USGPM} \times (t_i - t_f) \times 450 \text{ Btuh (50\% E.G.)}$$

$$Q = \text{USGPM} \times (t_i - t_f) / 24 \text{ Tons}$$

$$\text{USGPM} = \text{l/s} \times 15.85$$

$$\text{Water Pressure Drop (ft.wg)} = \text{kPa} \times 0.335$$

$$1.0 \text{ PSI} = 2.31 \text{ wg}$$

$$7,000 \text{ Grains} = 1.0 \text{ lb}$$

The Affinity Laws (Fan/Pump Laws)

$$rpm_2 / rpm_1 = flow_2 / flow_1$$

$$\Delta P_2 / \Delta P_1 = (Flow_2 / Flow_1)^2$$

$$mhp_2 / mhp_1 = (Flow_2 / Flow_1)^3$$

$$\text{Pump BHP} = \text{USGPM} \times \text{Head (ft. wg)} / 3960 \times \text{Pump Efficiency}$$

$$\text{Fan BHP} = \text{CFM} \times \text{S.P. (inches WG)} / 6356 \times \text{Static Efficiency}$$

Air-Conditioning Basics

$$1 \text{ Ton of refrigeration} = 12,000 \text{ Btu/h} = 200 \text{ Btu/min}$$

$$1 \text{ Therm} = 100,000 \text{ Btu/h} = 100 \text{ MBH}$$

$$\text{COP} = 3.516 / (\text{kW} / \text{Ton})$$

$$\text{EER} = \text{Tons} \times 12 / (\text{Total kW input})$$

$$\text{Btu/h} = \text{Watt} \times 3.412$$

$$\text{HP} = \text{kW} \times 1.3405$$

$$1 \text{ Boiler HP} = 33.48 \text{ MBH}$$

$$1 \text{ US Gallon} = 8.33 \text{ lbs}$$

$$1 \text{ watt} = 3.412 \text{ Btu/h}$$

1horsepower=2545Btu/h

1lb=7000 grains

1ft(head)=0.433 psi

1 sq ft EDR(equivalent direct radiation) = 240 Btu

1 boiler horse power = 33,479 Btu/h

No. of air changes(N) = 60 cfm/ft³

Chiller capacity (tons)= gpm (chilledwater) x Δt x (water)/24

ForAir:

$$1 \text{ lb/h} = 4.5 Q$$

$$1 \text{ ton} = Q h/2670$$

For Water:

$$1 \text{ lb/h}=500\text{gpm}$$

$$1 \text{ ton} = (\text{gpm})\Delta t/24$$

$$\text{Pump HP} = \frac{\text{gpm} \times \text{ft head} \times \text{Sp Gravity}}{3960 \times \text{Efficiency}}$$

Small pumps 0.40–0.60 efficiency

Large pumps 0.70–0.85 efficiency